

TWENTY-SEVENTH YEAR

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## INTERIOR OF THE "BLACK HUNDRED"

**Moscow and St. Petersburg  
in a Panic.****AUTHORITIES IN CITIES  
REDOUBLE THEIR VIGILANCE****Reign of Anarchy Is Subsiding But  
Worse Uprising Is Feared.****Poland Under Mar-  
tial Law.**

St. Petersburg, Nov. 10.—Except in the kingdom of Poland, where the rapidly growing nationalist movement and the state of tension among the proletariat will soon bring about the declaration of a state of war, Russia seems for the time being at least to be generally tranquil. Telegrams from interior points report the restoration of order in nearly all cities and towns, but in many cities, notably St. Petersburg and Moscow, the better classes of the population are greatly disturbed, owing to rumors of approaching attacks by the "Black Hundred," composed of the most ignorant types of the populace, which, according to these rumors, are scheduled to take place in St. Petersburg tonight and in Moscow tomorrow. The apprehension in St. Petersburg has become so great that the prefect of police who succeeded General Trepoff in command of the city police, has instructed his subordinates to take the fullest measures to crush any disorder in its incipient stages, so as to disabuse the minds of the "royalists" of the idea that the police would remain inactive. In such an emergency the strong hand of General Trepoff is being missed, even by the "Black Hundred," who are the factions which most execrated him. Count Witte's cabinet may now be regarded as constituted, as Count Lamorini, minister of foreign affairs, and M. Manukhin, minister of justice, will retain their positions, leaving only the posts of ministers of the interior and minister of education to be filled. Dimitri Shipoff of Moscow, who was president of the first zemstvo congress, has definitely declined to accept any position in the cabinet.

## PENCIL PUSHERS HOB-NOB WITH PRINCE LOUIS

**BATTENBERG AGAIN INTER-  
VIEWS AND IS INTERVIEWED BY  
NEW YORK REPORTERS.**

New York, Nov. 10.—Perhaps the most interesting incident of the second day of Prince Louis of Battenberg's visit in New York was his informal reception at the Waldorf-Astoria. New York reporters in his cabin tonight. For the second time his highness talked to them with the utmost frankness, answered some of their searching questions, and on the whole, they were three scheduled events on the prince's program today, the first being a luncheon at Governor's Island with Brigadier General Grant. This was an elaborate affair and was attended by a distinguished company. After luncheon the prince attended a brilliant reception at the New York navy yard, where Rear Admiral Coghlan was the prince's host.

Refrigerator Smashes Cruiser.  
Vallejo, Cal., Nov. 10.—Caught by a powerful gust of wind while trying to make a landing at the coast wharf, the refrigerator ship Celtic crashed into the cruiser Marblehead and into the floating machine shop, doing them so severe damage that the Marblehead may have to go out of commission. It is said, while the machine shop was sunk.

The force of the impact was so great that two of the crew members on the cruiser were completely demolished, the bridge torn away and two dinghies reduced to kindling wood. Two plates of the Marblehead were badly bent and the machine shop, which had been named the Celtic, and the Celtic suffered but slight damage in the collision.

The extent of the damage to the Marblehead cannot yet be given. It will not be known until the yard mechanics hold a survey. The damage will amount to many thousands of dollars. The sinking of the floating machine shop will, it is said, retard work now being done.

Burbank Dismissed From Service.  
Leavenworth, Nov. 10.—Advices received at Fort Leavenworth today from the Philippine islands states that court martial proceedings in the case of First Lieutenant Sidney S. Burbank, Sixth cavalry, have been concluded and that the papers which have been forwarded to Washington recommend his dismissal from the service. Burbank was dismissed on account of the marriage and desertion of a native woman to whom the Philippine courts recently granted a divorce.

No Horry About Bigelow.  
Milwaukee, Nov. 10.—It will not be necessary for Frank Bigelow to come to Milwaukee to testify in the Coll case before January at least, as the case has been postponed until the January term. Bigelow is the former Milwaukee bank president now serving a sentence in the federal penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth. He was wanted as a witness in the case against Cashier Coll and it is said that he is being taken back to Milwaukee.

## JEFF DAVIS CHEER CAUSES A TRAGEDY

**Triple Murder on Kentucky Border Which May  
End in Deadly Feud Results From  
Rebel Veteran's Hurrah.**

Naugatuck, W. Va., Nov. 10.—A cheer for Jeff Davis uttered by a drunk man on a Beaver creek on the Kentucky side of the river today resulted in a bloody tragedy, in which three men were killed and three others wounded. There had been much drinking after the election on Tuesday. Con Estep, an old Confederate soldier, was among the men who had become intoxicated.

When he yelled "Hurrah for Jeff Davis," C. Prater, a young man in the crowd, told Estep to "shut up or he would kill him."

Enoch Bentley, another member of the crowd, told Estep to "Hurrah for any one he pleased." Prater turned upon Bentley and emptied his pistol at

short range, all of the five shots taking effect. After he had fallen, Bentley shot and killed Prater. Enoch Bentley, a friend of Prater's, who had shot Bentley after the latter had fallen, fired at Tom and John Dowling, friends of Estep, and then fled but he was shot and mortally wounded by the Dowlings. Bentley died soon after the shooting and Morgan two hours later. During the fight John Sadler, belonging to the Prater gang, was dangerously wounded. The Dowlings were both hit but not fatally hurt. An election bet had caused hard feelings between Estep and Prater. The excitement over the tragedy is intense and another clash of the factions is expected.

## ROUVIER MINISTRY MAKES THREAT TO RESIGN EN MASSE

**Minister of War Announces  
His Resignation.****OUTCOME OF VIOLENT DEBATE  
IN CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES**

Paris, Nov. 10.—The Rouvier ministry met with its first check today when M. Berteaux, minister of war, announced his resignation. The ministerial branches during an angry debate in the chamber of deputies and thereafter announced his resignation. For a time the entire cabinet hung in the balance, and Premier Rouvier threatened the resignation of himself and his colleagues to give up power unless they were supported by a substantial majority. After a debate of exceptional violence a motion favorable to the ministry prevailed by a vote of 310 to 147. However, the ministerial majority is made up of factions of divergent groups and the future of the cabinet remains in doubt.

After the session the premier went to the Elysee palace and requested President Loubet to call a special cabinet council tomorrow, at which M. Berteaux's successor will be decided upon and at which it is possible that further rearrangement of the cabinet will be considered.

M. Etienne, now minister of the interior, is mentioned as the most probable successor to M. Berteaux.

Generals Langois and Brun are also mentioned for the war portfolio, but it is expected to embrace the ministry, but that he was unable to tolerate the humiliating position of the ministry in being dependent upon the opposition groups in the chamber. The crisis does not involve any important issues, but results from the breaking up of the groups on which the ministry has hitherto relied.

Strike Growing Worse.  
Vienna, Nov. 10.—The "passive resistance" strike on Austrian railroads, is extending and growing worse daily and is beginning to affect traffic to and from France, Germany and elsewhere. The difficulty in reaching a settlement has been increased by the material notification that no negotiations with railroad men will be undertaken until the "passive resistance" is abandoned.

## INSURANCE COMMITTEE HAS PLENTY OF FIGURES

**EXAMINATION OF HEGEMAN OF  
METROPOLITAN WILL BE CON-  
TINUED NEXT WEEK.**

New York, Nov. 10.—Closing the sessions of the week, the Metropolitan committee of insurance investigation has behind it a mass of details and figures which, while of apparently little interest to the laity, is of inestimable value to the committee. The greater part of the work has been devoted to the Metropolitan Life insurance company, the examinations of President Hegeman and James M. Craig, the actuary of the company, being the most technical character. When adjournment was taken today the committee had not finished the examination of President Hegeman and he will be called again next week. Just before the hour of adjournment today Mr. Hegeman was excused and Joseph Howard, Jr., a writer who has been employed by the Mutual Life, was called to the stand. He identified vouchers that he had signed for money received by writing advertisements and reading notices for the Mutual Life. Mr. Howard afforded much amusement by his declaration that his only regret was that he could not sign more of these vouchers.

His only complaint was that he was not paid enough for his work. This too, was the complaint on the witness stand of Charles Smith, who also does writing for the Mutual Life and receives \$3,000 a year for it. Mr. Howard said he had been employed thirty or forty years by the Mutual Life, but the vouchers went back only to 1899.

There were ten of these vouchers, aggregating \$16,625. Mr. Howard denied that he had ever sent any dispatches by wire, and was very strenuous in his assertion that he had never written a line about insurance for any paper on which he was employed, characterizing it as a "dirty trick."

William Barnes, Sr., formerly of Albany, who now resides at Nantucket, appeared before the committee at his own request and was the first witness of the day. Mr. Barnes' name appeared in the investigation several times ago when vouchers were produced for

legal services. Mr. Barnes explained his connection with the insurance companies, answered the questions put to him and when his examination had been concluded asked to be allowed to make a statement. He was given the privilege and had proceeded but a little way when he was stopped by Senator Armstrong, because Mr. Barnes' statement was an argument in defense of insurance companies along the lines brought out in the investigation.

CARNEGIE SAYS EUROPE  
IS HARDLY SHOCKED

New York, Nov. 10.—Andrew Carnegie arrived from Scotland today. After expressing himself in favor of honest elections, and declaring municipal ownership was bound to come some day, Carnegie said: "The insurance scandals have made a profound impression throughout Europe. The root of the trouble is that there are so many men in America who are so good-natured that they lend their names to financial institutions and assume duties which they have not time to perform. Their respective names are used as decoys by the real managers of the concerns over which they have no control. What we need to control such evils is men in office who are not money grabbers, who are retired from business, and who will conduct public affairs as they would their own business."

## HENRY KILLING WAS FULLY JUSTIFIED

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY COMES TO  
DEFENSE OF MAN WHO SHOT  
HANDY IN TUCSON.**

Tombstone, Ariz., Nov. 10.—United States District Attorney Henry of San Francisco, yesterday sent a telegram to Judge Dean asking him to wire to San Francisco papers an account of his killing of Dr. Handy in Tucson a few years ago. Certain parties in that section have been making charges against Henry that he was a cold-blooded murderer, and that he had shot down Dr. Handy. These charges were being made against him by those he had recently been expelling. Judge Dean last evening sent out the following to the San Francisco papers:

"I understand certain publications in the northwest have characterized the killing of Dr. Handy by Francis J. Henry, of Tucson, Arizona, as a foul assassination. The facts are: Henry was forced into an altercation with Dr. Handy of Tucson, and while struggling for his life, Henry, who was greatly superior in strength and size, shot and killed Handy. For this act Henry was not only exonerated by the authorities upon examination, but commended by the good citizens of the territory. The killing of Handy was unquestionably a case of self-defense. Handy was not only a large and powerful man physically, but a dangerous man when angered, disolute and reckless in his habits of life. He was threatening him for a divorce, and he had threatened to kill any man who would take her case. He had driven one lawyer into abandoning the case, when Henry told him, Henry said repeatedly he would kill Henry with his own gun and sought an altercation on numerous occasions. Finally he forced an encounter and assaulted Henry, when Henry shot and killed him. Henry drew it, and they fell after the firing, and were separated before Henry's death while struggling for possession of the weapon. Mr. Henry was appointed attorney general of the territory after this occurrence, and made an excellent record while in office. He is disliked by grafters who had to let go while Henry was in office, but holds the respect and confidence of the better element of the territory. I have known him personally for fifteen years, and do not hesitate to say that we have few, if any better men on the Pacific coast. His ability and integrity are unquestioned. Very respectfully,

"FLETCHER M. DOAN,  
Associate Justice Supreme Court of Arizona."

Repairs to Revenue Cutter.

Washington, Nov. 10.—The revenue cutter Forward, which was towed up the coast in a disabled condition by the cutter Onondago, has arrived at the revenue cutter service station at Baltimore and will be laid up for repairs. Before the Forward returns to her station she will be supplied with new boilers, and her machinery will be given a general overhauling. The vessel is to be modernized, and will be made ready for effective service. She has been stationed at Tampa, Fla., and it is stated she will return there when again ready to go into commission, which will not be for several months.

It is thought that the officers of the Forward will be transferred to the cutter Apache, now ready to go into commission, and which is to go to Galveston station.

Humbley New Engineer.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 10.—The official announcement was made today of the appointment effective at once of Russell L. Humbley to be acting chief engineer of the Union Pacific, succeeding J. B. Berry, resigned.

## ITO WILL BREAK NEWS TO KOREA

**That She Must Become  
Japanese Protectorate.****EXPECTS GRACEFUL SUBMISSION  
FROM THE HERMIT KINGDOM****Emperor's Secret Agents Hurriedly  
Seek Intervention From America  
And Europe—It Will  
Investigate.**

Seoul, Nov. 10.—The arrival of Marquis Ito tonight probably marks one of the most portentous events in the history of Korea. During his visit, the Hermit Kingdom, once an independent state, will probably become a Japanese protectorate.

Marquis Ito after investigating conditions here and formulating his policy, will present the program of Japan. It is said that Marquis Ito hopes that the confidence displayed in him by the emperor of Japan will have its effect on the emperor of Korea and induce a graceful submission to the inevitable loss of Korea's independence. The plans of Japan will be backed by army occupation and the presence of two cruisers at Chemulpo. The Korean officials and people are anxiously waiting the developments of the past month, several secret agents having been dispatched to secure American and European intervention, the emperor of Korea fearing, so it is said, to appeal directly to Marquis Ito.

Upon his arrival here Marquis Ito was received with imperial honors. In the emperor's stage coach he was driven through the iron-lined streets, surrounded by Japanese and Korean cavalry. Lantern bearers followed with chairs and richly carrying his distinguished suite. He was lodged at the imperial palace as a guest.

## COURT DISMISSES SUIT AGAINST HANNAH ELIAS

**ACTION BY JOHN R. PLATT TO SECURE  
\$685,000 DECIDED IN  
NEW YORK.**

New York, Nov. 10.—The appellate division of the New York state supreme court today handed down a decision dismissing a suit brought by John R. Platt against Hannah Elias, a negro, to recover \$685,000 which Platt asserted he had given to her under coercion. The court stated in the decision that it was not made on the merits of the case.

## HEAVY FIGHTING IN GERMAN EAST AFRICA

**INSURGENTS BEATEN IN FIVE  
FIGHTS WITH LOSSES  
SEVERE.**

Berlin, Nov. 10.—Major Count Adolf von Goetzen, governor of German East Africa, reports by way of Cape Town that the insurgents have been beaten in five fights near Songea, and that 4,000 Wagoni tribesmen were defeated October 21 near Kyambogo. The German troops had no casualties but the insurgents suffered heavy losses.

## NAVAL OFFICERS REPRIMANDED Had Interfered Improperly With Marine

Washington, Nov. 10.—In accordance with the recommendation of the court of inquiry which investigated the case, Acting Secretary Newbury of the navy department has administered a reprimand to Lieutenant Morris of the navy, and Lieutenant R. P. Williams of the Marine corps, for having "improperly interfered" with the marine sergeant of the guard at the New York navy yard. The text of the reprimand has not been made public. The sergeant of the guard was completely exonerated by the court from any misconduct in connection with the affair. It seems that the officers, who were not on duty at the time, had undertaken to interfere with the sergeant of the guard on the alleged ground that he was not in full condition for duty. The court found that the officers had exceeded their authority in the premises and sustained the sergeant. The statement that the two officers had been ordered to trial before a court-martial is erroneous. The case has been officially closed with the promulgation of the reprimand.

Santa Fe Surgeons Meet.  
Topeka, Kas., Nov. 10.—The Santa Fe & Santa Fe hospital at Topeka, Port Madison, Ottawa, Kas., La Junta, Col., and Las Vegas, N. M., and local surgeons in the employ of the company at various places from Denver to Albuquerque and El Paso, and south to Durango, comprising the railway medical and surgical society, held the first session of the ninth annual two days' meeting at the Santa Fe hospital here today. Business affairs incident to the society are being transacted and papers being read of interest to railroad surgeons.

## INDICTED FOR CROOKED BALLOTING

**Grand Jury After Fraudu-  
lent New York Voters.****SEARCHING INVESTIGATION  
INTO RECENT ELECTION****Pending Complete Ohio Returns Both  
Parties Claim All State Offices  
With Exception of  
Governorship.**

New York, Nov. 10.—Ten indictments for violation of election laws and two for assaults committed at the polls at the election last Tuesday were today drawn up by the grand jury.

It was said tonight that Attorney General Mayer and State Superintendent of Elections Morgan had instituted a searching investigation of the alleged election frauds, which would be continued until the legislature meets. The attorney general and Mr. Morgan tonight examined a number of witnesses in connection with the frauds and also conferred with Henry R. Young, special counsel for Mr. Hearst, and discussed plans to prosecute persons against whom charges may be brought.

## BOTH PARTIES CLAIM OHIO'S MINOR OFFICES

Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 10.—Complete returns on the state ticket except for governor are still unavailable tonight with the result that both the republicans and democrats continue to claim the election of all minor state officers. Official returns received from 18 counties show that Harris, the republican candidate for lieutenant governor, has an average lead in each county of 748 over Herrick for governor. If this ratio should be maintained in the remainder of the 48 counties in the state which is considered doubtful, Harris would have a lead of \$6,000 over Herrick in the state.

This would insure the election not only of Harris for lieutenant governor, but all the remainder of the republican state ticket, as Harris apparently received the lowest vote next to Herrick.

Attorney General Ellis and State Treasurer McKinnon claim that returns received by them from the majority of counties in the state indicate their election by a plurality of 15,000 to 20,000.

## FIREWORKS AND BRASS BAND GREET JEROME

**LAKEVILLE TURNS OUT EN  
MASSE TO GREET FAVORITE  
SON.**

Lakewood, Conn., Nov. 10.—William T. Jerome, who was re-elected district attorney of New York county Tuesday, arrived in town today and will seek a short rest at his home here. The citizens of the town turned out about 1,000 strong and greeted him with a brass band and fireworks. He was escorted to his home by a big crowd, many of whom carried torches.

When Mr. Jerome reached his house he made a short speech. In referring to the New York election he said he had no doubt that the people would prove themselves true to real principles, and that they would respond cheerfully when the call came to overthrow boss rule.

## HELD AS MURDER SUSPECT. Chicago Highwayman Believed to Have Killed Effie Mize.

Chicago, Nov. 10.—Identified by two women as a robber who held them up at the point of a revolver, Vincent Jerome, a prisoner at the Cottage Grove avenue police station, is suspected by Lieutenant Walsh of being the murderer of Mrs. Effie Mize, who on August 22 was slain by a footpad at Fifty-eighth street and Washington avenue. Many women have been held up recently and the police suspect that the prisoner is guilty of several of the late crimes.

Jerome answers the description in some respects of the highwayman who killed Mrs. Mize and tomorrow he will be subjected to a rigid examination by Inspector Layton. The prisoner claims to have been in Chicago only four weeks, coming from New York. Jerome is about thirty years old, and says he is a window dresser. Lieutenant Walsh will telegraph to the New York police today to investigate his career in that city.

## DISBURSING OFFICER. Selection of Edward J. Williams by the Canal Commission.

Washington, Nov. 10.—The isthmian canal commission has announced the appointment of Edward J. Williams of Evanston, Ill., as disbursing officer of the commission, for duty on the isthmus of Panama, to succeed Paymaster George C. Schafer, United States navy, who has been recalled by the secretary of the navy for duty with the navy.

Mr. Williams has been in the service of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad for ten years past, being at the present time paymaster of that company, and has had large and extensive experience in disbursing money in the payment of railroad employees.

## BURTON ONCE MORE INDICTED

**If Third One Is Quashed  
Senator Is Safe.****STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS  
MAY LET HIM OUT****After Two Demurrers Have Been Sus-  
tained Attorneys Must Find Way  
to Get Around the Third  
Successfully.**

St. Louis, Nov. 10.—The federal grand jury, convened today, returned an indictment late today against United States Senator Burton, of Kansas. It is stated that certain features in the former indictment against Senator Burton which was quashed, were remedied in the indictment.

The allegation in the present indictment is the same as in the one quashed: That while a senator of the United States, he accepted money from the Rialto Grain & Securities company of St. Louis for services rendered before the postoffice department in behalf of that company, which was being investigated by inspectors. The only change is in the legal wording of the indictment, which is different to avoid the errors found in the former by United States Judge Vandewater.

The new indictment charged that Joseph R. Burton, while a senator from Kansas, received from the Rialto Grain & Securities company the sum of \$500 in cash. It is charged that this amount was paid in St. Louis. In the present indictment Burton is not charged with receiving any money in Washington, but he is charged with having agreed, in this city, to accept \$500 a month.

Senator Burton was in court today when the charge to the jury was delivered by Judge Vandewater. He was accompanied by his attorney, F. W. Lehmann. His case, however, was not mentioned in the instructions to the jury.

The federal grand jury was sworn in today by Judge Vandewater and then, it is stated, spent the entire day in the examination of witnesses who, with one or two exceptions, were employees of the postoffice department.

Chief Postoffice Inspector W. E. Vickery, of Washington; William G. Cochran, purchasing agent of the postoffice department; William F. Fulton, inspector in charge R. M. Fulton, of St. Louis, and Inspector in Charge Joseph P. Johnson, of New Orleans, were the principal witnesses.

This indictment is the third found against Senator Burton. The first indictment to this he sustained it will be impossible to re-indict him for his alleged offense in connection with the Rialto company, owing to the statute of limitations.

Senator Burton was indicted and convicted on a charge of accepting money from the Rialto Grain & Securities company for using his influence in the company's behalf in matters pending before the postoffice department at Washington. The trial took place in November, 1903. The case was appealed to the supreme court, which reversed the finding of the St. Louis court and the case was sent back for retrial.

## STOLE \$100,000 IN NEW YORK GEMS

**HAROLD PRESCOTT PAWNS SWAG  
FOR \$5,000 AND IS NOW AT  
SING SING.**

New York, Nov. 10.—Confession to the robbery of \$100,000 worth of gems from fashionable New York homes in the last two years was made today by Harold Prescott, a painter. His profit on pawning the jewelry Prescott said was but little over \$5,000.

Almost by accident the painter was arrested in connection with a recent mugging and the police were ignorant of the value of their arrest until his arraignment today. Immediate search was made of the pawn shops he named and the police say they have recovered \$20,000 worth of the stolen gems already.

Prescott was later sentenced to five years in Sing Sing.

Rose Suit Goes Up.  
Topeka, Kas., Nov. 10.—Through an agreement reached through the attorneys here today, the outer suit against Mayor W. W. Rose, of Kansas City, Kas., for failure to enforce the prohibitory law, will be submitted to the supreme court next March. A commissioner to take testimony will be appointed. The state is given until January 15 to take testimony while Mayor Rose must get his evidence in by February 15.

Brookline Celebrating.  
Brookline, Mass., Nov. 10.—The observance of the 200th anniversary of the incorporation of Brookline, which has long held the name of being the wealthiest town in the world, was opened today and will continue throughout Monday.

## COMMITTEE SOLEMNLY DECLARED

**Then the Committee as  
Solemnly Adjourned.****CURIOUS GATHERING OF  
REPUBLICANS IN SANTA FE****Called to Discuss Affairs of State It  
Finds Itself Confronted With  
Weak-Kneed Statehood  
Resolution.**

Special to the Morning Journal.

Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 10.—With a solemnity which would have shamed the long drawn face of the king of France as he marched up the hill with his historic ten thousand men, some thirty-five New Mexicans, most of them busy men, deserted their several occupations and traveled to Santa Fe today in answer to the call of Chairman H. O. Bursum, of the republican territorial committee. Arrived in Santa Fe, twenty-eight of these solemn gentlemen proceeded to vote, precisely as they were instructed by Mr. Bursum to vote, in favor of a resolution which weakly denounced joint statehood and declared with even less strength for single statehood—and having got through with this excessively serious and important business the gentlemen proceeded to adjourn and with the same solemnity to return to their homes. Some of them traveled a hundred miles, some of them traveled three hundred, one or two of them traveled more miles, all that they might have the pleasure of voting on this resolution which declares as weakly as it is possibly can against the well known policy of the republican party in congress upon the question of statehood for New Mexico and Arizona.

Of the twenty-eight men who voted for this anti-joint statehood resolution, twenty-six were office holders, holding their positions through appointment of the governor in all but one or two instances, the others being federal appointees.

Of the twenty-five counties of New Mexico, but fifteen were represented. In the ten not represented it is well known that the attempt to repress joint statehood has not been as successful as it was hoped it would be by the men who engineered the meeting yesterday.

Yet these gentlemen proceeded with all seriousness to declare for the republican party of the territory, for the entire twenty-five counties of the territory against statehood in the only form in which it will come to New Mexico for the many years. And from the manner in which the twenty-eight dutiful ones went about it, it would seem that they expect the people of New Mexico, the republican party of the territory and actually the congress way off in Washington, to take a serious view of the action.

The Resolution.

The following is the resolution as adopted:

"This committee representing the sentiment of the republican party of this territory renews its declaration in favor of single statehood. The proposition of joint statehood never emanated from the people of either this territory or the territory of Arizona, and the majority of the people of both territories is decidedly against it. We look upon the joint statehood measure, so far as it affects this territory as an attempt at legislative coercion. We again invite the attention of the national congress to the repeatedly expressed sentiment in our national and territorial conventions of the two great political parties in favor of single statehood for this territory and express the hope that our territory will get a 'square deal,' and be honored with an early admission as a state within its present boundaries.

The resolution was introduced and supported by Attorney General George W. Prichard, who explained before supporting it that he had not come out to make a speech and that he supported the resolution because he had introduced it and felt it his duty to do so. General Prichard's defense of his resolution was not sensational. It was the stereotyped form of the anti-joint statehood speech. He referred to the wedding of divorced couples, of the division of the two territories some decades ago, of the possibilities of agitation bringing congress into line for separate statehood, and of the rights of the great west. There was no applause.

The Proceedings.  
The meeting was called to order in the rooms of the committee in the old palace on the Plaza. Chairman Bursum came in about 3 o'clock, having just arrived from his sheep ranch, and proceeded to call the committee to order. The first place smoke and the room looked dirty and gloomy in the extreme. It perhaps added to the gloom when the members noted that all of the several photographs and portraits of Delegate William H. Andrews had